E. Applications

Keywords for Journal of the European Ceramic Society

Authors should select a maximum of five keywords. Each keyword should be accompanied by the capital letter denoting the category from which the keyword has been selected. If authors wish they may nominate one keyword which is not included in the list below. The list of up to five keywords should appear on the title page of each paper submitted for consideration following the abstract.

A. Processing	C. Properties	MgO
		Mullite
Calcination	Chemical properties	Niobates
Drying	Colour	Nitrides
Extrusion	Corrosion	Oxide superconductors
Films	Creep	Perovskites
Finishing	Dielectric properties	PLZT
Firing	Diffusion	PZT
Grain growth	Electrical properties	Porcelain
Hot isostatic pressing	Electrical conductivity	RBAO
Hot pressing	Fatigue	Si_3N_4
Implantation	Ferroelectric properties	Sialon
Injection moulding	Fracture	SiC
Joining	Hardness	Silicate
Microwave processing	Impedance	Silicides
Milling	Ionic conductivity	SiO_2
Mixing	Lifetime	Spinels
Powders: solid state reaction	Magnetic properties	Tantalates
Powders: gas phase reaction	Mechanical properties	TiO_2
Powders: chemical preparation	Optical properties	Traditional ceramics
Precursors: organic	Piezoelectric properties	Transition metal oxides

UO, Pressing Plasticity Shaping Strength Y_2O_3 Sintering Superconductivity ZnO Thermal conductivity ZrO₂

Slip casting Sol-gel processes Thermal expansion Suspensions Thermal properties Tape casting Thermal shock resistance

Toughness and toughening

Wear resistance Actuators B. Structure and Microstructure Armour

Composites **Batteries** Defects D. Compositions Biomedical applications

Electron microscopy Capacitors Failure analysis Cutting tools Al₂O₃

Al₂TiO₅ **Fibres** Engine components Grain size Alkali oxides Fuel cells

Grain boundaries Alkaline earth oxides Functional applications

Impurities Apatite Hard magnets Inclusions β-Al₂O₃ Insulators Interfaces BaTiO₃ and titanates Lamp envelopes Microstructure-final BeO Membranes

Microstructure-prefiring **Borides** Nuclear applications

Nanocomposites Carbides PTC devices Non-destructive evaluation Carbon Refractories Optical microscopy CeO₂ Sensors **Platelets** Clays Soft magnets Porosity Dimox Structural applications

Spectroscopy Ferrites Substrates Surfaces Glass **Thermistors** Whiskers Glass ceramics **Varistors** X-ray methods Halides Wear parts